Belgotex Floorcoverings (PTY) Ltd Mr. Logan Cattigan **PO Box 3228 3200 PIETERMARITZBURG ZUID-AFRIKA**



Your notice of 04-06-2013

Your reference

Date 23-09-2016

Analysis Report 13.02697.03

Required tests :

EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)

Identification number	Information given by the client	Date of receipt
T1308718	Touch Design - Chaos - Abstract - Sixth Sense	04-06-2013

Kristina De Temmerman

Order responsible

This report may be reproduced, as long as it is presented in its entire form, without written permission of Centexbel. The results of the analysis cover the received samples. Centexbel is not responsible for the representativeness of the samples. In assessing compliance with the specifications, we did not take into account the uncertainty on the test results.

CENTEXBEL • textile competence centre • www.centexbel.be • www.vkc.be Inrichting erkend bij toepassing van de besluitwet van 30-01-1947 • Établissement reconnu par application de l'arrêté-loi du 30-01-1947 GENT • Technologiepark 7 • BE-9052 Zwijnaarde, Belgium • phone +32 9 220 41 51 • fax +32 9 220 49 55 • gent@centexbel.be GRÂCE-HOLLOGNE • Rue du Travail 5 • BE-4460 Grâce-Hollogne, Belgium • phone +32 4 296 82 00 • g-h@centexbel.be KORTRIJK • Etienne Sabbelaan 49 • BE-8500 Kortrijk, Belgium • phone +32 56 281828 • fax +32 56 281830 • info@vkc.be VAT BE 0459.218.289 • IBAN BE44 2100 4729 6545 • BIC GEBABEBB

Reference: T1308718 - Touch Design - Chaos - Abstract - Sixth Sense

Information given by the client

Product standard	EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)
FR treated	no
FR-surface treatment	no
Type of manufacture	Tufted
Use-surface	PA
Substrate, support	PP
Backing layer	Woven textile backing
Total mass	2900 g/m ²
Pile thickness	7 mm
Total thickness	10 mm
Surface structure	Cut pile

Notified body No: 0493

Reference: T1308718 - Touch Design - Chaos - Abstract - Sixth Sense

<u>Reaction to fire tests – Ignitability of building products subjected to direct impingement of flame - Single-flame source test</u>

Product standard EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)

Classification of textile floor coverings in accordance with EN 14041 (2004) § 4.1.4

"The textile floor coverings listed in Table 2, in the end uses identified in the table, are classified without further testing (CWFT) in the classes shown and do not require testing in respect of

these end uses and classes".

Table 2 –	Classes	of reaction to) fire fo	r textile	floor	coverings,	classified	without	further	testing
						-- ,				

Floor covering type ¹	EN product standard	Class ³ Floorings
Non-FR machine-made wall-to-wall carpets and pile carpet tiles ²	EN 1307	E _{fl}
Non-FR needled textile floor coverings without pile ²	EN 1470	Efi
Non-FR needled textile floor coverings with pile ²	EN 13297	E _{fl}
 ¹⁾ Floor covering glued or loose laid over a Class A2-s1,d0 substrate ²⁾ Textile floor coverings having a total mass of max. 4.8 kg/m², a minimum pile thickness of 1,8 mm (ISO 1766) and a surface of 100% wool a surface of 80% wool or more – 20% polyamide or less a surface of 80% wool or more – 20% polyamide/polyester or less a surface of 100% polyamide 		

> 0.780 kg/m². All polypropylene carpets with other foam backings are excluded. ³⁾ Class as provided for in Table 2 in the Annex to Decision 2000/147/EC.

Classification

Class E_{fl}

Reference: T1308718 - Touch Design - Chaos - Abstract - Sixth Sense

<u>Reaction to fire tests for floorings - Determination of the burning behaviour using a</u> <u>radiant heat source</u>

Date of ending the test Standard used Product standard	05-07-2013 EN ISO 9239-1 (2010) EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)
Deviation from the standard	-
Conditioning	23°C, relative humidity 50% Minimum 14 days or until constant mass is achieved

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under the particular conditions of the test: they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

Test specimen

Substrate	Fibre cement board - density (1800 ± 200) kg/m ³
Mounting	Loose-laid
Cleaning	Specimens have not been cleaned

Performed under accreditation in the fire lab under the responsibility of Nathan De Kock

	Flame s	pread dista	Flame time	Heat flux *	
	10 min	20 min	30 min		kW/m ²
Width					
#1	18	34	34	23 min 50 s	6.6
Length					
#1	26	37	43	25 min 50 s	4.8
#2	24	37	40	26 min 50 s	5.5
#3	26	36	38	24 min 15 s	5.9
Average					5.4

Radiant heat flux

* Heat flux at the time of flame extinguishment or after a test duration of 30 minutes.

Fire classification in accordance with EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)				
Class	EN ISO 11925-2 or CWFT	EN ISO 9239-1 (test duration = 30 min)		
\mathbf{B}_{fl}	E _{fl}	heat flux \geq 8,0 kW/m ²		
C _{fl}	E _{fl}	heat flux \geq 4,5 kW/m ²		
D_{fl}	E _{fl}	heat flux \geq 3,0 kW/m ²		

Smoke production: Light attenuation

	Maximum (%)	Total (%.min)
Width		
#1	46	334
Length		
#1	48	276
#2	51	291
#3	44	190
Average		252

Additional classification in accordance with EN 13501-1 (2007) + A1 (2009)			
smoke production \leq 750%.min	s1		
smoke production > 750%.min	<u>s2</u>		

Performed under accreditation in the fire lab under the responsibility of Nathan De Kock

Reaction to fire classification : C_{fl}/s1

Loose-laid on a non-combustible substrate*

* End use substrates of classes Alor A2-s1,d0 (ISO 13238:2010 § 5.2.2)

Limitations

This classification document does not represent type approval or certification of the product.

"The classification assigned to the product in this report is appropriate to a declaration of performance by the manufacturer within the context of system 3 of assessment and verification of constancy of performance and CE marking under the Construction Products Regulation.

The manufacturer has made a declaration, which is held on file. This confirms that the products design requires no specific processes, procedures or stages (e.g. no addition of flame-retardants, limitation of organic content, or addition of fillers) that are aimed at enhancing the fire performance in order to obtain the classification achieved. As a consequence the manufacturer has concluded that system 3 attestation is appropriate.

The test laboratory has, therefore, played no part in sampling the product for the test, although it holds appropriate references, supplied by the manufacturer, to provide for traceability of the samples tested."

Performed under accreditation in the fire lab under the responsibility of Nathan De Kock